

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

On October 18, 2010 Kent Wilson, Esq., counsel for Plaintiffs Cipriano Ramirez and Teresa Ramirez, filed a pleading styled as a “Notice of Withdraw of Counsel,” which he docketed as a motion to withdraw.¹ On October 19, 2010 he filed the same pleading again and docketed it as a notice. For the reasons which follow, Mr. Wilson’s motion for leave to withdraw from representation is **DENIED** and his notice of withdrawal is **REJECTED**.

An attorney representing a client before a tribunal may not withdraw except by leave of court. *Darby v. City of Torrance*, 810 F. Supp. 275, 276 (C.D. Cal. 1992); Cal. R. Prof. Conduct 3-700(A)(1). Accordingly, a notice alone is insufficient to accomplish withdrawal. Because both of Mr. Wilson's filings are styled as a "notice," this is insufficient, and the notices are

¹ For the most part, attorneys must electronically file their pleadings in this District. See Civ. Local Rule 5.4. In the process they create docket entries in the court's file and are able to designate their filings as, for example, a motion or a notice.

1 **REJECTED.**

2 To the extent either of Mr. Wilson's notices can be construed as a motion for leave to
 3 withdraw, any such motion must be served on the client. Civ. Loc. Rule 83.3(g)(3). Mr. Wilson
 4 represents two clients in this case, but has served only one of them. The motion to withdraw is
 5 therefore **DENIED**.

6 Without an explanation, Mr. Wilson represents that he is withdrawing based on California
 7 Rule of Professional Conduct 3-700(B)(3). Rule 3-700(B)(3) applies when an attorney's
 8 "mental or physical condition renders it unreasonably difficult to carry out the employment
 9 effectively." This is at odds with Mr. Wilson's representation in court. At the hearing held on
 10 September 22, 2010 he represented that he had already resigned from the Bar and was no longer
 11 an attorney. The court is therefore not inclined to grant leave to withdraw under Rule 3-
 12 700(B)(3).

13 Finally, this court requires counsel to "comply with the standards of professional conduct
 14 required of members of the State Bar of California, and decisions of any court applicable
 15 thereto." Civ. Loc. R. 83.4(b). Pursuant to California Rule of Professional Conduct 3-
 16 700(A)(2), an attorney may not withdraw until he "has taken reasonable steps to avoid
 17 reasonably foreseeable prejudice to the right of the client." Mr. Wilson has not indicated if, or
 18 how, he has protected his clients from reasonably foreseeable prejudice occasioned by his
 19 withdrawal. Mr. Wilson's motion to withdraw is therefore denied on this alternative ground.

20 For the foregoing reasons, Mr. Wilson's notices of withdrawal are **REJECTED** and, to
 21 the extent either notice can be construed as a motion for leave to withdraw, it is **DENIED**.

22 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

23 DATED: November 3, 2010

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 M. James Lorenz
 United States District Court Judge

COPY TO:

HON. LOUISA S. PORTER
 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

ALL PARTIES/COUNSEL